Case 2:21-cv-00186-SRB Document 79	Filed 05/19/21 Page 1 of 5
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	DISTRICT COURT DF ARIZONA
State of Arizona; State of Montana; and Mark Brnovich, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Arizona, Plaintiffs, V.	No. 2:21-cv-00186-SRB PLAINTIFFS' 3-PAGE SUPPLEMENT TO THEIR SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF [DKT. 64]
United States Department of Homeland Security; United States of America; Alejandro Mayorkas, in his official capacity as Secretary of Homeland Security; Troy Miller, in his official capacity as Acting Commissioner of United States Customs and Border Protection; Tae Johnson, in his official capacity as Acting Director of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement; and Tracy Renaud, in her official capacity as Acting Director of U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services,	(Hearing Set for May 27, 2021, at 10:00 a.m.)
	ATTORNEY GENERAL (Firm State Bar No. 14000) Joseph A. Kanefield (No. 15838) Brunn (Beau) W. Roysden III (No. 28698) Drew C. Ensign (No. 25463) Anthony R. Napolitano (No. 34586) Robert Makar (No. 33579) 2005 N. Central Ave Phoenix, AZ 85004-1592 Phone: (602) 542-8958 Joe.Kanefield@azag.gov Beau.Roysden@azag.gov Mebert.Makar@azag.gov Anthony.Napolitano@azag.gov Robert.Makar@azag.gov Attorneys for Plaintiffs State of Arizona and Mark Brnovich in his official capacity UNITED STATES DISTRICT O State of Arizona; State of Montana; and Mark Brnovich, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Arizona, Plaintiffs, v. United States Department of Homeland Security; United States of America; Alejandro Mayorkas, in his official capacity as Secretary of Homeland Security; Troy Miller, in his official capacity as Acting Commissioner of United States Customs and Border Protection; Tae Johnson, in his official capacity as Acting Director of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement; and Tracy Renaud, in her official capacity as Acting Director of U.S.

Discovery has uncovered additional evidence supporting Plaintiffs' burden, further demonstrating both likely success on the merits and irreparable injury in the absence of preliminary relief. This brief supplements the factual record.

A core factual dispute here is whether the Interim Guidance merely tells ICE employees to work on certain "priority" cases first and then use remaining time on "other priority" cases with preapproval (*i.e.* a true procedural rule of prioritization based on limited resources), or whether it sets substantive categories of aliens for whom enforcement is presumptively disfavored irrespective of resources.¹ Closely related to this, Plaintiffs contend the limited-resources rationale is pre-textual for the *actual* changes at issue. Dkt. 64 at 10-11. And unlike the mine run non-enforcement challenge, Congress has unequivocally commanded that once an alien receives a final removal order, DHS "shall remove the alien" within 90 days. 8 U.S.C. §1231(a)(1)(A).²

If Plaintiffs' are correct about the Interim Guidance's purpose and effect, then it is hardly distinguishable from Section C of the January 20 Memorandum, which established a 100-day moratorium on removals for all but certain categories of aliens and was swiftly enjoined by a federal court because it was contrary to §1231(a)(1)(A), arbitrary and capricious, and improperly issued without notice and comment, Dkt. 12-1 at 32-39 conclusions Defendants did not appeal. While ICE, like everyone, operates under limited resources, that truism does not confer carte blanche to ignore Title 8 statutes or the APA.

First, Plaintiffs have already established through the administrative record that
 (1) the Interim Guidance is unsupported by any tenable rationale, and (2) the scant
 limited-resources explanation that was given is demonstrably pretextual. Dkt. 64 at 2-4;
 see also Exhibit CC. The January 20 Memorandum was promulgated with no analysis by
 DHS whatsoever. Section C was swiftly enjoined, at which point ICE briefly returned to

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²⁶ 1 E.g., Dkt. 64 at 12 (A rule is not procedural if it "encodes a substantive value judgment" thereby "putting a stamp of [agency] approval or disapproval on a given type of behavior."); *Colwell v. HHS*, 558 F.3d 1112, 1124 (9th Cir. 2009) (procedural rule must "genuinely leave[] ... decision-makers free to exercise discretion" (emphasis added)).

^{28 &}lt;sup>2</sup> Dkt. 70 at 8 (non-enforcement is reviewable when agency has adopted a general policy that amounts to an abdication of its statutory responsibilities).

"normal removal operations," including removal flights. Dkt. 64 at 3. That quickly upset certain activist groups, who concluded it was "thwart[ing] the new administration's priorities," particularly in light of Black History month. *Id.* Then, in the dead of night on 2/4, the Acting ICE Director (on whose orders it is unclear) sent an unmistakable signal to senior ICE leadership: "Effective immediately ... only those who meet the [Section B] priorities will be removed." *Id.* And that substantive value judgment was carried forward to the 2/18 Interim Guidance. Nowhere in the record did DHS actually analyze resource constraints on removals, how the priority categories relate to those constraints, or consider alternatives. *Id.* at 7-8.

Second, statistical evidence and testimony from Acting Phoenix ICE Director
Albert Carter confirm that the changes imposed by the Interim Guidance caused a "big
drop off" in various core ICE missions, harming public safety. In February 2021, ICE
was only conducting book-ins at 41% and removals at 55% of pre-February 2021 levels.
Dkt. 64 at 4-5 (citing Exhibits S, T). And it was only issuing immigration detainers at a
similarly small fraction. Dkt. 70 at 4 (citing Exhibit BB). Director Carter's testimony³
confirmed these drop-offs and the Interim Guidance as their *sole* cause:

17 ICE Arrests: He agreed there was a "big drop-off in ICE arrests from before" 2/2021 18 to after 2/2021. Ex. DD 73:10-14. He confirmed that, prior to 2/2021, ICE was already prioritizing arrests of aliens who threaten national security, were more recent 19 entrants into the country, or have significant criminal records. Id. at 73:21-74:7. He agreed with data showing 86% and 92% of ICE arrests in recent years were for aliens 20 with criminal convictions or charges. Id.at 67:19-23, 157:14-22. Importantly, he 21 testified that, other than the Interim Guidance priorities, he cannot think of any new factor that was in effect in 2/2021 that could account for the sudden dropoff, including 22 COVID-19. Id. at 74:15-75:15. And he confirmed that he has sufficient monetary 23 and other resources to effect his mission. Id.at 76:10-16, 77:15-22. Finally, he agreed that if ICE is not booking in as many people, there is a high likelihood the number of 24 removals will go down, as there is a direct correlation. Id. at 77:23-78:6.

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³ Acting ICE Phoenix Field Office Director Albert Carter is a career law enforcement officer and prior to that served in the Army. Ex. DD at 18:15-19:19. Approximately a week before his deposition, he resumed serving as Deputy Phoenix ICE Director, a position he has held since 2009, but his first-hand experience as Acting Director spans the relevant time period, December 2020 to early-May 2021. *Id.*; *see also id.* at 15:20-24.

Case 2:21-cv-00186-SRB Document 79 Filed 05/19/21 Page 4 of 5

<u>ICE Immigration Detainers Lodged</u>: He explained a detainer is lodged when an ICE officer encounters someone in a correctional or jail institution and determines probable cause the person is amenable to arrest by ICE. *Id.* at 79:9-15. He agreed there was a "big drop-off in immigration detainers being issued from before" 2/2021 to after 2/2021. *Id.* at 81:10-82:8; *id.* at 82:14-83:12 (Phoenix-specific). He confirmed the <u>only factor</u> for the change was the Interim Guidance. *Id.* at 83:13-84:5.

<u>ICE Removal of Criminal Aliens</u>: He testified that the drop off of removals in March 2020 was due to the COVID-19 pandemic. *Id.* at 86:1-24. And on top of the "substantially down" number of removals due to COVID-19, he agreed there was a further "big drop off in removals from from before" 2/2021 to after 2/2021. *Id.* at 87:1-88:1. He agreed pre-2/2021, ICE was already prioritizing removals of aliens who threatened national security, with significant criminal records, and more recent entrants. *Id.* at 88:9-19. He testified the "*only factor*" he could think of for the drop-off in 2/2021 was the enforcement priorities, he did not observe any contributing factor, and further that resource constraints were not responsible. *Id.* at 88:20-89:11.⁴

11 Third, relevant to standing and irreparable injury, Director Carter testified ICE's 12 core missions are "absolutely" important to public safety and reducing these missions 13 will likely harm public safety. Id. at 66:22-67:14 (arresting crim. aliens); 79:16-24 14 (lodging of immigration detainers); 85:9-18 (removing crim. aliens); 89:15-90:4 (at-large 15 arrests and serving crim. warrants); see also id. at 157:23-158:10 ("Absolutely" agreeing 16 that removing aliens with criminal charges is important to public safety and if interior 17 removals drop, aliens with convictions/charges are not going to be removed). He 18 confirmed *all* of the missions on the "day in the life chart" are important to public safety. 19 *Id.* at 90:5-8; Exhibit EE (day in the life). Finally, as relevant to ADCRR, he stated ICE 20 is releasing detainers for aliens who do not fit Interim Guidance priorities, and when 21 detainers are released, jails have to put aliens on supervisory release or just release them 22 into the community. Ex. DD at 84:6-14. Carter's testimony thus further supports 23 Plaintiffs' standing and incurrence of irreparable harm.

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⁴ The tiny number of removal requests produced further supports Plaintiffs: only 17 requests for "other priority" as opposed to "priority" removal cases in Phoenix for the entire discovery period (2/22/21 to 4/15/21)—about 9 per month. Ex. FF. Although Mr. Carter testified he thought there *should* be more (perhaps 3/day), that still would only be around 90/month (and also proof-less). But Phoenix had a drop-off in removals of about 330-month post-2/2021, Ex. DD at 94:25-95:15; *id.* at 90:23-95:23—far in excess of any requests for "other priority" removals. This comparatively small number of requests shows ICE officers are not in fact genuinely able to exercise discretion.

	Case 2:21-cv-00186-SRB Document 79 Filed 05/19/21 Page 5 of 5	
1	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 18th day of May, 2021.	
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3	MARK BRNOVICH ATTORNEY GENERAL	
4		
5	By <u>/s/ Brunn W. Roysden III</u> Joseph A. Kanefield (No. 15838)	
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12	AUSTIN KNUDSEN ATTORNEY GENERAL OF MONTANA	
13	/s/ David M.S. Dewhirst (with permission) David M.S. Dewhirst*	
14	Solicitor General	
15	*Pro hac vice granted	
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff State of Montana	
17		
18	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
19	I hereby certify that on May 18, 2021, I emailed the attached document to counsel	
20	for Defendants. I further hereby certify that on May 20, 20021, I electronically	
21	transmitted the attached document to the Clerk's office using CM/ECF System for filing.	
22	Notice of this filing is sent by email to all parties by operation of the Court's electronic	
23	filing system.	
24	/s/ Brunn W. Roysden III	
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